TINE CORE MEETING

26.4.2016

Noteworthy C-Lib Changes

- Bug fix concerning poll() behavior.
- MCA format elevation
- Bug fix on MACOS (from last time)

select() vs. poll()

Up to August 2015 TINE made use of select().

int select(int nfds, fd_set *readfds, fd_set *writefds, fd_set *exceptfds, struct timeval *timeout);

void FD_CLR(int fd, fd_set *set); int FD_ISSET(int fd, fd_set *set); void FD_SET(int fd, fd_set *set); void FD_ZERO(fd_set *set);

RETURN VALUE

On success, select() and pselect() return the number of file descriptors contained in the three returned descriptor sets (that is, the total number of bits that are set in readfds, writefds, exceptfds) which may be zero if the timeout expires before anything interesting happens. On error, -1 is returned, and errno is set appropriately; the sets and timeout become undefined, so do not rely on their contents after an error.

ERRORS

EBADF An invalid file descriptor was given in one of the sets. (Perhaps a file descriptor that was already closed, or one on which an error has occurred.)

EINTR A signal was caught; see signal(7).

EINVAL nfds is negative or the value contained within timeout is invalid.

ENOMEM unable to allocate memory for internal tables.

select() vs. poll()

in routine AcceptIP() in srvip.c



The doocs server with >1024 open files problem :

- **XFEL** Magnet Middle Layer Server (L. Froehlich) written as a doocs server with TINE thread.
- Collects info from all 1200+ Magnet PSCs in XFEL.
- Keeps a doocs history of each one individually.
 - doocs histories keep files open!
- Then turns on the TINE thread
- Initial socket descriptor tries to begin at > 1200.
- select() is limited to 1024
- Oops!

Solutions ...

- Don't do it this way (?).
- Switch to the more modern 'poll()' call.
 - *select*() is a BSD standard since the 70s and 80s.
 - *poll*() does not exist on all platforms: missing on e.g.Windows XP and VxWorks

```
int poll(struct pollfd *fds, nfds_t nfds, int timeout);
struct pollfd {
    int fd; /* file descriptor */
    short events; /* requested events */
    short revents; /* returned events */
    };
```

RETURN VALUE

On success, a positive number is returned; this is the number of structures which have nonzero revents fields (in other words, those descriptors with events or errors reported). A value of 0 indicates that the call timed out and no file descriptors were ready. On error, -1 is returned, and errno is set appropriately.

ERRORS

EFAULT The array given as argument was not contained in the calling program's address space.

EINTR A signal occurred before any requested event; see signal(7).

 EINVAL The nfds value exceeds the $\mathsf{RLIMIT_NOFILE}$ value.

ENOMEM There was no space to allocate file descriptor tables.

POLLIN

There is data to read.

POLLPRI

There is urgent data to read (e.g., out-of-band data on TCP socket; pseudoterminal master in packet mode has seen state change in slave).

POLLOUT

Writing now will not block.

```
POLLRDHUP (since Linux 2.6.17)
```

Stream socket peer closed connection, or shut down writing half of connection. The _GNU_SOURCE feature test macro must be defined (before including any header files) in order to obtain this definition.

POLLERR

Error condition (output only).

POLLHUP

Hang up (output only).

Solution with poll() in August 2015

```
if (ServerCycleMode != POLLING)
 { /* fill in the rw select()ion set : */
                                                                                                 put all socket
   ltv = *tv;
   nfds += addServerSocketsToSet(fds,nfds,256);
                                                                                                 descriptors in the set
   if (!gRunServerCycleInSeparateThread) nfds += addClientSocketsToSet(fds,nfds,256);
   to = getNextCycleTimeout(tv);
   if (nfds == 0)
   { /* no sockets added ! (still initializing ?) */
     millisleep(10);
     return;
   }
if defined(WIN32)
if !defined(NO SERVICE PIPE)
                                                                                                just look for
   /* Windows Pipes are not select()able, but handle them here anyway */
   /* Note: this can't work on 64bit windows as ipcCmdSck is a 4byte integer */
                                                                                                POLLIN!
   if (pipeAccept((PIPEINST *)ipcCmdSck) != 0)
   {
     if (GetCommandEx(ipcCmdSck,cmdbuf,CMDSIZE) > 0)
       InterpretCommand(cmdbuf);
   }
   else
   cmdbuf[0] = 0;
   endif
   endif /* WIN32 */
etry select:
   /* anything fall through select() ? */
   if (!gRunServerCycleInSeparateThread) gWaitingOnSelect = TRUE;
   pto = to->tv sec * 1000 + to->tv usec/1000;
                                                                                        "The mother of all poll()s"
   nready = poll(fds,nfds,pto);
   if (!gRunServerCycleInSeparateThread) gWaitingOnSelect = FALSE;
   gSelectOnSysPoll = TRUE;
   gettimeofday(tv,(struct timezone *)NULL);
   gTimeFdIdle = MSECS(*tv,ltv);
   /* is there a hook ? */
   if (socketAcceptEntryFcn) (socketAcceptEntryFcn)();
   if (nready < 0 && soerrno == EINTR && retry-- > 0)
                                                               Can anyone spot the bugs?
   ł
     to->tv sec = 0; to->tv usec = 0;
     goto retry select;
   }
```

Recent Problems ...

- CFEL:
 - Using TCP, client disconnects and server consumes 100% for up to 5 minutes.
- EMBL:
 - tineRepeater occasionally gets into a mode where it uses 100% CPU (and stays there until restarted).

• ????

Bugs with poll() since August 2015



MCA Format Elevation

- A property can register itself to deliver a 'multi-channel array' (MCA).
 - e.g. property "Orbit.X" (all BPM positions), "Pressure" (all ion pumps), "Temperature" (all temperature sensors)
- More efficient to get an array of all 300 monitors than to get 300 individual elements !
- A "proper" MCA property will be able to deliver
 - a value for a single requested device, (scalar)
 - a set of values for a section, or (array)
 - all values for all devices. (array)
- Monitoring a single device will 'coerce' the requested contract into obtaining the entire array and piping the proper array element into the original request.
 - The server sees and handles only a single contract for all devices on behalf of ALL interested parties.

MCA Format Elevation

- The Issue:
 - What if device 'B' (e.g. element #15) has a problem (e.g. 'hardware error')?
 - Either the whole MCA has a problem ('hardware error') or the whole MCA is 'okay' (and the data for element #15 ?).
 - Josef's server wizard takes the first strategy.
- New Approach:
 - Format elevation !
 - If a property "P" is registered to deliver an MCA of FLOAT values AND is overloaded to deliver an MCA of FLTINT values (valuestatus pairs) then the MCA coercion is allowed to 'elevate' a request for FLOATs to a request for FLTINTs.
 - The original request sees the **FLOAT** value and the **INT** status.

MACOS Bug Fix (from last time)

- MACOS (FreeBSD) doesn't like in-situ memcpy() (overlapping memory areas).
- e.g. Prepare an array of 'PrpQueryStruct' items

```
E typedef struct
    char prpName[PROPERTY NAME SIZE]; /**< the property name */</pre>
   char prpDescription[PROPERTY_DESC_SIZE]; /**< the property description */</pre>
   char prpRedirection [PROPERTY REDIR SIZE]; /**< a redirection string if the property is redirected to another ser
    char prpTag[TAG NAME SIZE]; /**< the data tag for output data sets (CF STRUCT, CF BITFIELD, CF HISTORY, etc.)</pre>
    char prpTagIn[TAG NAME SIZE]; /**< the data tag for input data sets (CF STRUCT, CF BITFIELD, CF HISTORY, etc.) *
    char prpUnits[UNITS SIZE]; /**< a string containing the natural units of the data returned by the property */
    float prpMinValue; /**< the lower limit of valid data associated with the property */</pre>
   float prpMaxValue: /**< the upper limit of valid data associated with the property */</pre>
   UINT32 prpSize;
                       /**< the maximum allowed size of an output data set associated with the property */
   UINT32 prpSizeIn;
                       /**< the maximum allowed size of an input data set associated with the property */
   UINT32 prpNumOverloads; /**< the number of overloads associated with this property name */
   UINT16 prpHistoryDepthShort; /**< the depth of the short term history kept for this property */
   UINT16 prpHistoryDepthLong; /**< the depth of the long term history kept for this property */
   BYTE prpFormat;
                        /**< the default output data format accepted for this property */
   BYTE prpFormatIn;
                        /**< is the default input data format accepted for this property */
   BYTE prpAccess;
                         /**< the allowed data access for this property (either CA READ, CA WRITE or both) */
                         /**< is the preferred graph type for output data associated with this property, e.g. GT LIN
   BYTE prpGraphType;
    char rngUnits[UNITS SIZE]; /**< a string containing the natural units of the x-axis (range) in case of a spect</pre>
   float rngMinValue;
                       /**< the lower limit of x-axis range associated with the property */
                       /**< the upper limit of x-axis range associated with the property */
   float rngMaxValue;
                         /**< the number of rows in an array property */
   UINT16 numRows;
   UINT16 rowSize;
                         /**< the size of a row in an array property */
   UINT16 prpArrayType; /**< the property array type (AT_NONE, AT_SCALAR, AT_CHANNEL, AT SPECTRUM, etc.) */
   UINT16 reserved[3]; /**< reserved field) */</pre>
 } PrpQueryStruct;
```

MACOS Bug Fix (from last time)

 Caller just wants an array of NAME64 items (64-character fixed length strings).

for (i=0; i<length; i++) memcpy(*names*[i],*prpQueryStructs*[i].prpName,64);

- Should work just fine if 'names' and 'prpQueryStructs' point to the same memory area ...
- MACOS doesn't like this ...